

Ferrites and accessories

SIFERRIT material K1

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Material properties

Preferred application			Resonant circuit inductors
Material			K1
Base material			NiZn
Color code (adjuster)			violet
	Symbol	Unit	
Initial permeability (T = 25 °C)	μ		80 ±25%
Meas. field strength Flux density (near saturation) (f = 10 kHz)	H B _S (25 °C) B _S (100 °C)	A/m mT mT	5000 310 280
Coercive field strength (f = 10 kHz)	H _c (25 °C) H _c (100 °C)	A/m A/m	380 350
Optimum frequency range	f _{min} f _{max}	MHz	1.5 12
Relativeat f _{min} loss factorat f _{max}	tan δ/μ _i	10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁶	<40 <120
Hysteresis material constant	η_{B}	10-6/mT	<36
Curie temperature	T _C	°C	>400
Relative temperature coefficient at 25 55 °C at 5 25 °C	α_{F}	10 ^{–6} /K	2 8 7 1
Mean value of α_F at 25 55 °C		10 ^{–6} /K	4
Density (typical values)		kg/m ³	4800
Disaccommodation factor at 25 °C	DF	10 ⁻⁶	20
Resistivity	ρ	Ωm	10 ⁵
Core shapes			RM, P, Toroid, P core half

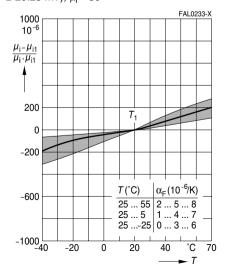


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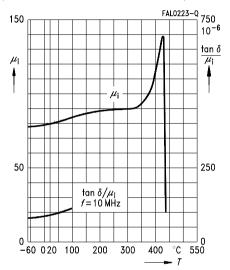
Complex permeability

versus frequency (measured on R10 toroids, $\hat{B} \leq 0.25$ mT) FAL0035-2 10² 5 μ'_{S},μ''_{S} 10¹ 5 10⁰ 5 10 5 ΗU Ш 10⁻² 10⁰ 5 10² 5 10³ 5 10⁴ MHz 5 10¹ - f

Permeability factor versus temperature (measured on P and RM cores, $\hat{B} \leq 0.25 \text{ mT}$), $\mu_i \approx 80$



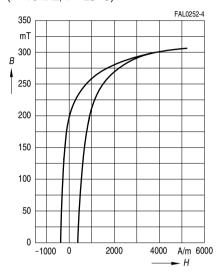
Initial permeability μ_i and relative loss factor tan δ/μ_i versus temperature (measured on R10 toroids, $\hat{B} \leq 0.25 \text{ mT}$)



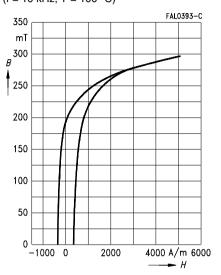


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Dynamic magnetization curves (typical values) (f = 10 kHz, T = 25 $^{\circ}$ C)



Dynamic magnetization curves (typical values) (f = 10 kHz, T = 100 $^{\circ}$ C)



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Cautions and warnings

General

Based on IEC 60401-3, the data specified here are typical data for the material in question, which have been determined principally on the basis of toroids (ring cores).

The purpose of such characteristic material data is to provide the user with improved means for comparing different materials.

There is no direct relationship between characteristic material data and the data measured using other core shapes and/or core sizes made of the same material. In the absence of further agreements with the manufacturer, only those specifications given for the core shape and/or core size in question are binding.

Effects of core combination on AL value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General - Definitions, 8.2".

Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.



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